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SYNTHESIS OF NEW FLUORINATED SURFACTANTS

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This work is devoted to the synthesis of F-alkylated surfactants corresponding to the general structure :

$$R_F C_2 H_4 SCH_2 N = R_3$$

A characteristic of such compounds is to show only one CH_2 group between S and N atoms.

The best way of synthesis was realized "via" the intermediate formation of (2,F-alkyl ethylthio) methyl bromides.

This way led to a lot of surfactants showing different charateristics:

- Fluophilic (F-alkyl chain)
- Lipophilic (hydrocarbonated chain)
- Hydrophilic (ionic or hydroxylic head)

Mechanisms of formation of the intermediate $R_F^C_2H_4^SCH_2^Br$, starting from F-alkyl ethane thiol, and potential applications will be discussed.

Such compounds may be able :

- to obtain stable emulsions with hydrocarbons and fluorocarbons.
- to lead to microemulsions of perfluorinated compounds without co-surfactant.
- to modulate high hydrophobic properties of the F-alkylated tail (water retention by hydroxylic group).